

## IV Semester M.Com. Examination, November 2022 (CBCS Scheme) (2021 – 22) COMMERCE

AT 4.4 : Strategic Cost Management - II

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Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instruction: Answer all the questions as per instructions.

## SECTION - A

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Following 2000 (May 2014; 50%)

1. Answer any seven questions out of ten. Each question carries two marks. (7×2≡14)

- a) Give the meaning of differentiated cost pricing.
- b) What is imputed cost?
- c) What is Negotiated Cost Pricing?
- d) Give the meaning of Balance Score Card:
- e) What is Life Cycle Costing?
- f) Give the meaning of Transfer Pricing.
- g) What is Experience Curve ?
- Give the meaning of JIT.
  - i) Define quality.
  - j) What is Profit Center?

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TO CARROW TO TENED TO THE TOTAL SECTION TO BUY FOR THE SECTION TO Answer any four questions out of six. Each question carries five marks. (4×5≡20)

- 2. What are the three core concepts of Total Quality Management? 's his pare cast a figure name or table a game, or played its 20 laxhs)
  - 3. What are the challenges of Export Pricing? tena basil re acestiti sanci i sanci i sanci i sanci i sanci i sanci besi pi me A Co

4. A Company plans to make 1,00,000 units of a product. Variable cost per unit is Rs. 10. Fixed cost is 6,00,000. The Finance Manager has suggested that the cost plus basis be preferred with a margin of 25%. The management accountant feels otherwise and provides the following information. inits)

Price per unit	Demand (units)	
Rs. 18	84,000	
	76,000	¥
Rs. 20	70,000 70,000 70,000 PM	-
Rs. 24	64 000	
Rs. 26	54,000	

Which proposal do you agree with ?

- 5. Why is Transfer pricing necessary? 6. Write a note on Bench Marking?

  - 7. What are the factors affecting learning curve ? SECTION -C

Answer any two questions out of four. Each question carries twelve marks. (2×12=24)

8. Transferor Ltd. has two processes preparing and finishing. The normal output per week is 7,500 units (completed) at a capacity of 75%.

Transferee Ltd. had production problems in preparing and requires 2,000 units per week of prepared material for their finishing processes.

The existing cost structure of one prepared unit of Transferor Ltd. at existing regue anifot 4 capacity.

Material Rs. 2.00 (Variable 100%)

Labour Rs. 2.00 (Variable 50%)

Overhead Rs. 4.00 (Variable 25%)

Construct the effect on the profits Transferor Ltd., for six months (25 weeks) of supplying units to Transferee Ltd. with the following alternative transfer prices per unit:

- ii) Marginal cost + 25% iii) Marginal cost + 15% return on capital (assume capital employed Rs. 20 lakhs) g indications to engineer to expend only to
- iv) Existing cost

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v) At an agreed market price of Rs. 8.50, assume no increase in fixed cost.



- Strategic cost management is a tool of managing cost and facilitate decisions.
   Discuss.
- 10. Systems India Ltd. manufactures 10,000 units (capacity 14,000 units). The budget at a margin of 20% is as under:

Dudget at a margin of 200	10,000 units	14,000 units
Particulars	2,00,000	2,80,000
Sales	50,000	70,000
Variable overheads	20,000	23,000
Semi variable overheads		40,000
Fixed overheads	40,000	.0,0

The company receives an order for 20% of capacity. Expected profit margin is same percentage as operating capacity. What should be the minimum price to be quoted assuming price cost remains constant?

11. What are the phases in learning curve?

SECTION - D

Answer the following question.

(1×12=12)

12. Bangalore Ltd. manufactures a component in two identifiable and separate departments, machine division and assembly division. Each division is treated as a profit center.

The machine division manufactures 24,000 components in a year and is able to sell 4,000 units at Rs. 5 per-unit. The balance is transferred to assembly division at the same price. The prime cost per unit is Rs. 3.50 per unit and fixed cost is Rs. 20,000.

The assembly division manufactures and sells 20,000 units in the open market at Rs. 17 per unit. The prime cost is Rs. 15.75 per unit and fixed cost is Rs. 15,000.

## Calculate:

- i) Profit for each division and overall profit of the company.
- ii) The assembly division wants to buy components from machine division at a transfer price of Rs. 4 per unit. What action would you suggest?