

DAYANANDASAGAR COLLEGE OF ARTS SCIENCE AND COMMERCE

Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Kumaraswamy Layout, Bangalore-560082

Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC)**Research Cell**

Department of Management Studies (MBA-BU)

GANDHI STUDY CENTRE**Essay writing competition**

Department: MBA-BU

Date: 17-05-2023

Sl. No.	Particulars	Event related details			
1.	Event	Essay writing competition			
2.	Title of the Event	Essay writing competition – Gandhi Study Centre, DSCASC			
3.	Date	17-05-2023			
4.	Time	9.15am to 10.45am			
5.	Venue	Classroom, Room No. 504, Sec C			
6.	Resource Person 1 Details** (Profile to be enclosed)	NA			
7.	Topics Covered	1. Gandhi's early life and influences 2. Gandhi as a social reformer 3. Gandhi's impact on the youth 4. Gandhi's legacy and relevance today			
5.	Resource Person 2 Details** (Profile to be enclosed)	NA			
6.	Topics Covered	NA			
7.	No. Faculty Participants(Enclose a copy of names with signatures)	Internal:	01	External:	NA
8.	No. Student Participants (Enclose a copy of names with signatures)	Internal:	30	External:	NA

Sl. No.	Particulars	Event related details
9.	Faculty Coordinator/s	Dr. Chetan Shetty
10.	Student Coordinator/s	NA
11.	Total Expenditure (Details to be enclosed)	NA
12.	Sponsors and Amount (if any)	NA
13.	Agenda of the Event (Enclose a copy)	Introduction to Gandhi Gandhi's Philosophical Teachings Gandhi as a Social Reformer Gandhi's Influence on Youth Gandhi's Legacy and Relevance Today Conclusion
14.	Report uploaded on college website? If yes, give details:	YES chrome-extension://efaidnbmninnibpcapcglclefindmkaj/https://www.dscasc.edu.in/images/MBA/initiatives/EWGandhi.pdf
15.	Report sent to media? If yes, give details:	NO
16.	Report uploaded in Social Media? If yes, give details:	Yes https://www.facebook.com/photo/?fbid=817887909955528&set=pcb.817887979955521
17.	Certificates Printed? (Enclose a copy***)	NO
18.	Feedback Collected? (Enclose a copy***)	NO
19.	Summary of the Event (Minimum 100 words)	<p>An essay writing competition on Mahatma Gandhi was conducted for 1st year MBA Sec C students on 17th May 2023 in MBA BU classroom no.504. The competition aimed to deepen the understanding of Gandhi's life, teachings, and their relevance to the personal and professional growth of MBA students.</p> <p>The event began with a warm welcome extended to the participants by Dr B R Venkatesh, Director- MBA (BU), setting the tone for the competition. Participants were given a specific timeframe to write their essays on Mahatma Gandhi. Clear guidelines regarding word limits, formatting, and evaluation criteria were shared to ensure consistency and fairness throughout the competition.</p> <p>By engaging in essay writing and presentations, the participants had an opportunity to articulate their understanding of Gandhi's philosophy and its practical implications. They demonstrated their ability to apply his teachings to real-life scenarios, reflecting the relevance of Gandhi's principles in the context of MBA education and professional growth.</p>

Sl. No.	Particulars	Event related details
		The competition fostered critical thinking, research skills, effective communication, and the ability to connect Gandhi's teachings with the challenges faced in the business world. The event created an atmosphere of learning and inspiration, empowering MBA students to become ethical leaders and responsible professionals.
20.	Photographs of the Event (At least 10 relevant, clear, and appropriate photos with title and explanation. The jpg files need to be attached)	Enclosed

Notes:

* Seminar / Workshop / Symposium / Conference / Cultural Fest / Quiz / Sports / Literature Fest, etc.

** Name / Organization / Designation / Area of Expertise

*** Format Copy need to be attached and hard copy need to be filed

PS: Whichever column is not applicable, write as NA.

Event Coordinator

HOD/Director

IQAC Coordinator

Principal

Photographs



Dr. Chetan Shetty addressing the students regarding rules and regulations of the event.



Students Participating In Essay Writing



Students Participating In Essay Writing

STUDENT ACTIVITY OUTCOME

17-05-23

GANDHI BIOGRAPHY

Essay on Mahatma Gandhi Biography

II

V. Saanya
MBA I sem
C-section
PO3CT22M015025

Mahatma Gandhi born on October 2nd 1869. Mohandas Karam Chand Gandhi is an lawyer. Gandhi was born in Porbandhar. Putlibhai Gandhi and Karam Chand Gandhi are parents of Mahatma Gandhi.

Mahatma Gandhi was an activist. He started as activist in south Africa. Gandhi was married at a teenage. He was married at the age of 13. Mahatma Gandhi has gone through many events like Non violence.

Non violence is where people should follow living their life style by following non violence means where no one should be compared and should not create violence by killing or hurting others.

Mahatma Gandhi is also a writer who became the leader of the nationalist movement against the British empire. As such Mahatma Gandhi become to be considered as father of Nation.

Gandhiji is internationally esteemed for his doctrine of Non violence protest Satyagraha to achieve political and social progress. Mahatma Gandhi has written some uses which are called as Mahatmas. His fame spread worldwide during his lifetime and only increased after his death.

Mahatma Gandhi was youngest child of his father's fourth wife. His father was chief minister of Porbandar. In Gujarat they did not have much in the way of a formal education.

Mohandas grew up in a home steeped in Vaishnavism - worship of the Hindu god Vishnu - with a strong tinge of Jainism. Gandhiji took for granted of Ahimsa, Vegetarianism, fasting for self purification, and Mutualism tolerance.

In 1887 Mohandas scraped through the matriculation examination of the university of Bombay and joined Samaldas College in Bhavnagar. As he has to suddenly switch from his native language Gujarathi to English, he found it rather difficult to follow the lectures. He is the one of the most respected spiritual and political leader. Gandhi helped free the Indian people from British rule through Non Violence resistance.

Gandhi was incredibly meek and shy by nature. During one debate at London Vegetarian Society he felt such stage fright that somebody else had to read out his arguments on his behalf.

3A

ESSAY ON MAHATMA GANDHI - SALT
SATYAGRAHA

Nischita.M.H
Ist Sem 'C'
PO3CJ22MO15005

The salt march, also known as the salt Satyagraha, dandi march & the dandi satyagraha, was an act of non-violent civil disobedience in colonial India led by Mahatma Gandhi. The 24 day march lasted from 12 March to 5 April 1930 as a direct action campaign of tax resistance & nonviolent protest against the British salt monopoly.

Gandhi started this march with 78 of his trusted volunteers. The march spanned 387 kilometers from Sabarmati Ashram to Dandi, which was called Khambhat at that time. Growing numbers of Indians joined them along the way. When Gandhi broke the British Raj Salt laws at 8:30 am on 6 April 1930, it sparked large scale acts of civil disobedience against the salt laws by millions of Indians.

The Congress Party planned to stage a satyagraha at the Dharasana Salt works, south of Dandi. However, Gandhi was arrested on the midnight of 4-5 May 1930 just days before the planned action of Dharasana. The Dandi March & the ensuing Dharasana Satyagraha drew worldwide attention to the Indian independence movement through extensive newspaper & newsreel coverage.

ESSAY ON MAHATMA GANDHI - SALT
SATYAGRAHA

Nischita.M.H
Ist Sem 'C'
PO3CJ22MO15005

The salt march, also known as the salt Satyagraha, dandi march & the dandi satyagraha, was an act of non-violent civil disobedience in colonial India led by Mahatma Gandhi. The 24 day march lasted from 12 March to 5 April 1930 as a direct action campaign of tax resistance & nonviolent protest against the British salt monopoly.

Gandhi started this march with 78 of his trusted volunteers. The march spanned 387 kilometers from Sabarmati Ashram to Dandi, which was called Khambhat at that time. Growing numbers of Indians joined them along the way. When Gandhi broke the British Raj Salt laws at 8:30 am on 6 April 1930, it sparked large scale acts of civil disobedience against the salt laws by millions of Indians.

The Congress Party planned to stage a satyagraha at the Dharasana Salt works, south of Dandi. However, Gandhi was arrested on the midnight of 4-5 May 1930 just days before the planned action of Dharasana. The Dandi March & the ensuing Dharasana Satyagraha drew worldwide attention to the Indian independence movement through extensive newspaper & newsreel coverage.

ATTENDANCE SHEET

DAYANANDA SAGAR COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE

Shavige Malleshwara Hills, Kumaraswamy layout, Bangalore – 560078

MBA BU - Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC)

GANDHI STUDY CENTRE

ESSAY WRITING EVENT

DATE: 17.05.2023

SECTION C

TIMINGS: 9:15 AM TO 10:45 AM

SL. NO.	NAME OF THE STUDENT	SIGNATURE
1.	Aishik R.C	
2.	Juned Shirahadi	
3.	Deepika N	
4.	Sanjana B.k	
5.	Pradeep Verma D.	
6.	A.V.SHAKEEL AKTHAR	
7.	MOKESHWAR S.	
8.	VIJAYA MADHAVAN S	
9.	Dushyant M.C.	
10.	Sachin K.N	
11.	Sowmithra R	
12.	Samrta Dhatadugi K.S	
13.	Nischita M.H	
14.	Venula Sowmya	
15.	Shalini P.	
16.	Prinyas	
17.	Rashmi Kulkaeni	
18.	Baravara Jeshwari	
19.	NARAYAN S.VIND	
20.		
21.		
22.		
23.		
24.		
25.		
26.		
27.		